



Colerne Church of England Primary School







Science 1

Plants vs Animals: What is the same, what is different?		Term: Autumn 1	Year: 3/4 Year B 2022	2-2023
Foundations of previous learning: Year 1 Plants Identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants including deciduous and evergreen trees. Identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants including trees.		Foundations of previous learning: Year 2 Plants d Observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants. Find out and describe how plants need water light and a suitable temperature to gro stay healthy.		ture to grow and
	Unit	Learning		
NC Objective - Coverage	Skills	Knowledge	Vocat	oulary
Plants Y3 Explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients	Begin to use a science model to describe Describe patterns in data, charts & graphs Describe results by linking cause & effect	To understand the conditions plants need to gro To understand how water gets around the plant		seedling water light temperature
from soil, & room to grow) & how they vary from plant to plant. Investigate the way in which water is transported within plants.	Assessment of Skills Explaining science Designing experiments	Assessment of Knowledge What conditions do plants need to grow? How does water get around the plant?	root root hairs stem flower petals pollen eggs fruit	nutrients transport



Science 2

States of Matter: How can materials	States of Matter: How can materials change? Is water always wet?		ear: 3/4 Year B 2022-2023	
Foundations of previous learning: Year 1 Everyday Materials Describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties. Distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made Identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, and rock		Foundations of previous learning: Year 2 Uses of everyday materials Find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching.		
	Unit	Learning		
NC Objective - Coverage	Skills	Knowledge	Vocabulary	
 (Y4) States of Matter Compare and group materials together, according to whether they are solids, liquids or gases Observe that some materials change state when they are heated or cooled, and measure or research the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius (°C) Identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with temperature. 	Use science model to describe Plan a fair test Identify the data range & interval	To compare and group materials. To observe how and at what temperature some materials change state. To understand and explain the water cycle. To explain how a change in temperature cause condensation and evaporation.	States of matter Solid Liquid Gas Particles Water cycle	
	Assessment of Skills Explaining science Designing experiments	Assessment of Knowledge What is the difference between solids, liquids and gases? How do some materials change state? How does a change in temperature affect states of ma What is the water cycle? How does a change in temperature cause condensation and evaporation?	Evaporation Condensation Freezing Melting State change Melting point	



Geography

Locational and Place Kr	nowledge: What would a bird see?	Term: Autumn	Year: 3/4 Year B 2022-2023
European country. Use basic geographical vocal	rning: cal similarities and differences through studying the human and physical pulary: key physical features including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mou village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop.		_
	Unit Learning		
NC Objective - Coverage	Skills	Knowledge	Vocabulary
Geographical skills and fieldwork Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs,	Create a survey to explore human or physical features in the local area. Make a simple scale drawing. Make a simple sketch map of the human and physical features in the local area. Take photographs of the local area to help produce a simple map.	To know what a human and physical feat To know some of the human and physica Colerne village. To be able to draw a field sketch of the lo To be able to compare a field sketch with To identify human and physical features To use a digital map to explore the local a digital photographs.	l features in Physical Feature ocal area. Landscape an OS map. Village on an OS map. Town
and digital technologies.	Assessment of Skills I can identify human and physical features in my local area and make field sketch maps to show their location. I can take photographs of the local area and read OS and digital maps using keys as support.	Assessment of Knowlec I can explain how human and physical fea places and make comparisons between s maps.	Amenities



<u>History</u>

Anglo-Saxo	ns : Why is King Alfred remembered as Alfred 'The Great'?	Term: Autumn	Year: 3/4 Year B	2022-2023
periods can be systems and h KS1: Childhoo	of previous learning: A growing understanding of how to organise ideas ch e identified by the people who lived at the time e.g. Tudors, Egyptians Child nierarchy. Ind memories, Great Fire of London, Elizabeth I and Georgians ric Britain, Roman Britain			
	Uni	t Learning		
NC Objective -Coverage	Skills		Knowledge	Vocab
Britain's settlement by the Anglo- Saxons and Scots and the Viking and Anglo- Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England up to the time of Edward the Confessor.	 Year 3 Skills Chronological understanding Uses timelines to place events in order. Understand divided into BC and AD. Uses words and phrases: century, decade. Knowledge and understanding Uses evidence to describe past. Uses evidence to these may have changed during a time period. Describes similarities and different events and objects. Historical interpretation Looks at 2 versions of same event and identifies different buildings and visits to collect information about the past. Asks questions such as 'What did people do for?' Organisation and communication Presents findings about past using speaking, w skills. Discusses different ways of presenting information for different purposes. Year 4 Skills Chronological understanding Uses words and phrases: century, decade, BC, AD, at Names and places dates of significant events from past on a timeline. Knowledge and understanding Shows knowledge and understanding by describin societies and periods. Identifies some ideas, beliefs, attitudes and experiences of children from the past. Describes how some of the past events/people affect life Historical interpretation Gives reasons why there may be different accounts of h Historical enquiry Uses documents, printed sources, the internet, databases, pict artefacts, historic buildings and visits to collect information about the past. 	find out how any of ces between people, efacts, historic how did people? riting, ICT and drawing after, before, during. ng features of past men, women and today. istory. ures, photos, music, riting, maths (data	I know the meaning of the words century, decade, BC, AD, aft before and during. I know why the Anglo-Saxons invaded Britain after the Romar left. I know how Anglo-Saxon kingdoms were organised. I know about Anglo-Saxon village life and how it was different life in Roman Britain. I know about Anglo-Saxon laws and justice. I know about the struggle between the Anglo-Saxons and the Vikings for the Kingdom of England. I know about King Alfred the Great and his importance in the Anglo-Saxon resistance to the Vikings. I know that the Anglo-Saxons converted to Christianity and at the important Christian sites in the Kingdom of England.	s settlers Jute Angle to Saxon rune manuscrip t chronicles resistance Lindisfarme
	Assessment of Skills		Assessment of Knowledge	
	Year 3 I can place events in order on a timeline. I can use the terms BC and AD when usin Year 4 I can name and date significant events on a timeline from the period of time I am words and phrases such as century, decade, BC, AD, after, before and during.	-	Why did the Anglo-Saxons invade Britain? How were Anglo-Sa kingdoms organised and how did they rule? How was Anglo-S life different to Roman life? Why was there a struggle betwee Anglo-Saxons and the Vikings for the rule of England? Who wa King Alfred and why is he an important Anglo-Saxon figure? W converted the Anglo-Saxons to Christianity?	axon n the as



Computing 1

Online Safety - Project Evolve Online Relationships		Term: 1/2	Year: 3/4 Year	B 2022-2023
Foundations of previous learning: Self-image and identity Health, well-being and lifestyle				
	Unit L	earning		
NC Objective - Coverage	Skills	Knowledge		Vocabulary
 Pupils should be taught to: Use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly Recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour Identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact Recognise relationships and behaviours that may lead to harm and how positive 	 I can give examples of technology-specific forms of communication (e.g. emojis, memes and GIFs). I can explain that there are some people I communicate with online who may want to do me or my friends harm. I can recognise that this is not my / our fault. 	 I can explain that there are some people I with online who may want to do me or my can recognise that this is not my / our faul I can describe some of the ways people m online communities and describe how the collaborate constructively with others and contributions. (e.g. gaming communities or groups). I can explain how someone can get help if problems and identify when to tell a trustometer. 	y friends harm. I It. ay be involved in y might I make positive or social media	technology emoji meme GIF communicate communication acceptable/unacceptable content online communities social media
online interaction can empower and amplify voice.	 Assessment of Skills I can understand that communication online does not have to be text-based. I can understand that a variety of communication methods have been developed specific to online communication eg gifs, memes. I can understand that the appropriate use of technology specific communication eg meme and gifs depends on circumstance and context. 	 Assessment of Knowled I can describe what is meant by harm. I understand that not everyone I commun pleasant and may not have my best intent I can explain why some people choose to a way online, that it is their decision and that responsible. I understand some of the difficulties some including online I can describe what I can do to support oth friends and people I know less well I understand how to report problems online number of reporting routes that I could us someone else 	icate with online is ions at heart act in a certain at I am not e people may have, hers online, both ne and can name a	



Computing 2

Computer Systems and Networks: The Internet		Term: Autumn Y	/ear: 3/4 Year B 2022-2023
Foundations of previous learning: How can computers talk to each other: school netw Computer Systems and Networks - IT Around Us (Y2 Technology Around Us (Y1)			
	Unit L	earning	
NC Objective - Coverage		Skills & Knowledge	Vocabulary
 Understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the World Wide Web, and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration Use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content Select, use, and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems, and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating, and presenting data and information Use technology safely, respectfully, and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact. 	To recognise how the content of the M To evaluate the consequences of unre Asse I can describe the internet as I can demonstrate how infor I can discuss why a network of I can describe networked dev I can explain that the internet I can explain that the internet I can explain that the Worl I can explain the types of me I can describe where website I can describe how to access I can explain what media can I can explain that internet se I can explain that internet se I can explain that internet se I can suggest who owns the of I can explain that there are re I can explain that not everyth I can explain that not everyth I can explain why some infor	make up the internet d via the World Wide Web (WWW) d and accessed on the World Wide Web (WWW) WWW is created by people eliable content ssment of Skills & Knowledge s a network of networks mation is shared across the internet needs protecting vices and how they connect t is used to provide many services Id Wide Web contains websites and web pages dia that can be shared on the WWW es are stored when uploaded to the WWW websites on the WWW be found on websites d content to the WWW rvices can be used to create content online and their content are created by people content on websites	or legal



<u>PSHE 1</u>

Being Me in My World (Year 4 unit)		Autumn 1	Year: 3/4 Year B 2022-2023
Y2 - I can explain why my behaviou	appy and safe place to learn. I can give different examples where can impact on other people in my class. I can compare my own a can affect how others feel and behave. I can explain why it is im lued.	and my friends' choices and can expre	ess why some choices are better than others.
	Unit Learning		
Themes (Puzzle Pieces)	Skills / Knowledge		Vocabulary
Being part of a class team Being a school citizen Rights, responsibilities and democracy Rewards and consequences Group decision making Having a voice What motivates behaviour	I know my attitudes and actions make a difference to the clas I know how to use my Jigsaw Journal I know how good it feels to be included in a group and unders I try to make people feel welcome and valued I understand who is in my school community, the roles they p I can take on a role in a group and contribute to the overall ou I understand how democracy works through the School Coun- I can recognise my contribution to making a Learning Charter I understand that my actions affect myself and others I care about other people's feelings and try to empathise with I understand how groups come together to make decisions I can take on a role in a group and contribute to the overall ou I understand how groups come together to make decisions I can take on a role in a group and contribute to the overall ou I understand how democracy and having a voice benefits the I understand why our school community benefits from a Learn others to follow it	atand how it feels to be excluded lay and how I fit in utcome cil for the whole school n them e's behaviour utcome school community	Included Excluded Welcome Valued Team Charter Role Job description School Community Responsibility Rights Democracy Reward Consequence Democratic Decisions
	Assessment		Voting Authority
	Year 3I can explain how my behaviour can affect how others feel anI can explain why it is important to have rules and how that heI can explain why it is important to feel valued.Year 4I can explain why being listened to and listening to others is inI can explain why being democratic is important and can help	elps me and others in my class learn. nportant in my school community.	Learning Charter Contribution Observer Choices UN Convention on Rights of Child



<u>PSHE 2</u>

Celebrating Difference (Year 4 Unit)		Term: Autumn 2	Year: 3/4 Year B 2022-2023
make somebody feel. Y2 - I can explain that sometimes peop feels to have a friend and be a friend. Y3 - I can describe different conflicts t	different and similar to other people in my class, ar ole get bullied because they are seen to be different I can also explain why it is ok to be different from m hat might happen in family or friendship groups and ne feel and can offer strategies to help the situation. Unit	This might include people who do not conform to y friends. how words can be used in hurtful or kind ways wi	gender stereotypes. I can explain how it
Themes (Puzzle Pieces)		' Knowledge	Vocabulary
Challenging assumptions Judging by appearance Accepting self and others Understanding influences Understanding bullying Problem-solving Identifying how special and unique everyone is First impressions	I understand that, sometimes, we make assumption I try to accept people for who they are I understand what influences me to make assumpt I question why I think what I do about other people I know that sometimes bullying is hard to spot and not sure I know how it might feel to be a witness to and a to I can tell you why witnesses sometimes join in with I can problem-solve a bullying situation with other I can identify what is special about me and to valu I like and respect the unique features of my physice I can tell you a time when my first impression of se I can explain why it is good to accept people for w Asse Year 3 I can describe different conflicts that might happer used in hurtful or kind ways when conflicts happer me feel and can offer strategies to help the situati Year 4 I can tell you a time when my first impression of s explain why bullying might be difficult to spot and good to accept myself and others for who we are.	tions based on how people look e I to know what to do if I think bullying is going on I arget of bullying h bullying and sometimes don't tell s e the ways in which I am unique al appearance omeone changed when I got to know them ho they are sessment h in family or friendship groups and how words can h. I can tell you how being involved with a conflict on. e.g. Solve It Together or asking for help.	Appearance Accept Influence Opinion / Impression Attitude Bullying Friend Secret Deliberate/ On purpose Bystander Witness Problem-solve Cyber bullying Text message Website Troll



Design Technology

Who shall we design for? Textiles		Term: Autumn	Year: 3/4 Year B 2022-2023			
Foundations of previous learning: KS 1: Puppets: How can we join two pieces of identical fabric? - that a 3-D textiles product can be assembled from two identical fabric shapes						
		Unit Learning				
NC Objective - Coverage		Skills	Knowledge	Vocabulary		
When designing and making, pupils should be taught to: Design: Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design Make: Select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks accurately Evaluate: Evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work Understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world Technological Knowledge: Understand and use mechanical systems in their	Think about their ideas as they make progress develop and communicate design proposals b Develop a clear idea of what has to be done, p	and closing cases. ts to a piece of fabric. specific purpose. a case based on a design. Assessment of Skills and be willing to change things to improve their work. Explore y modelling ideas planning how to use materials, equipment and processes, and he first attempt fails. Join and combine materials and compone	case/bag? How can two pieces of	Purpose Design Product Stitches Running stitch Back stitch Whip stitch Joining Button Popper Toggle Needle Thread Embellishments Evaluate		



<u>Art</u>

Textiles: Key question: How	can you tell a story through textiles?	Term: Autumn 1 Yea	nr: 3/4 Year B 2022-202
KS1: Textiles - Key question: How ca	ore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, n the colour and texture of fabrics be changed? ing a dyeing technique to alter a textile's colour and pattern; decorating textiles wit		
	Unit Learning		
NC Objective - Coverage	Skills	Knowledge	Vocabulary
Pupils should be taught: To select appropriate materials, giving reasons. To use a variety of techniques, e.g. printing, dyeing, weaving and stitching to create different textural effects. To develop skills in stitching, cutting and joining.	 To select appropriate materials, giving reasons. To use a variety of techniques, e.g. printing, dyeing, weaving and stitching to create different textural effects. To develop skills in stitching, cutting and joining. Use key vocabulary to demonstrate knowledge and understanding in this strand. 	To investigate how stories can be told thr textiles. To collect visual information to explore id To design a piece of textiles that is meanin To use materials to create a piece of texti To use finishing techniques to complete a of textiles. To be able to evaluate a finished piece of artwork.	Tapestry eas. Stitch ngful. Sew es. Embroidery
	Assessment of Skills	Assessment of Knowledge	Ridged
To create sketch books to record observations and use them to review and revisit ideas To improve mastery of art and design techniques. To learn about great artists in history.	Collect a variety of visual information and make first hand observations to gather ideas. Use a variety of materials to create a story on textiles. Use a variety of techniques to join and combine materials.	Explain how textiles has been used in hist To recognise how different textiles/mater can be used in different ways. To use skills in joining and stitching. Develop ideas for textiles design. Create final textiles design and evaluate a a criteria.	ory. Running stitch ials Needle Thread Knot Fabric



<u>RE 1</u>

Buddhism: The Life of Budd	ha - Is it possible for everyone to be happy? Te	rm: Autumn 1	Year: 3/4	Year B 2022-2023
Foundations of previous learning	;			
To be aware that other religions h	nave key figures.			
To have an awareness of Buddhis	m as a main religion in England.			
To understand how faith plays an	important part in people's daily life.			
	Unit Learning			
NC Objective - Coverage	Skills	Knowle	edge	Vocabulary
Is it possible for everyone to be	Thinking about religion and belief:	To identify things t	hat bring	Buddha
happy?	• comment on connections between questions, beliefs, values and practice	s about happiness.		Bodhi
To find out about the life of the	describe similarities and differences within and between religions and be		ddhism	8-fold path
Buddha.	Enquiring, investigating and interpreting:	started.		Prince Siddhattha
To explore how he tried to be	 suggest answers to some questions raised by the study of religions and be 	iefs To know how long	ago Buddhism	Gautama Yasodhara
happy and stay happy.	Beliefs and teachings (what people believe):	started.	-	Rich
	 describe the key beliefs and teachings of the religions studied, connect 	To know the story of	of the Buddha.	India
	them accurately with other features of the religions making so			Nepal
	comparisons between religions	the Bodhi tree.		Prince
	Practices and lifestyle (what people do):	To know what the 8	8-fold path	Bodhi tree
	 show understanding of the ways of belonging to religions and what the 		·	
	involve	To understand how	v living by the	
	Identity and experience (making sense of who we are):	8-fold path will infl		
	 ask questions about the significant experiences of key figures from relig 			
	studied and suggest answers from own and others' experiences, include			
	believers	in B		
	Meaning and purpose (making sense of life):			
		rect		
	 ask questions about puzzling aspects of life and experiences and sug answers, making reference to the teaching of religions studied 	gest		
	Values and commitments (making sense of right and wrong):			
		hat		
	 ask questions about matters of right and wrong and suggest answers 	nat		
	show understanding of moral and religious issues			
	Assessment of Skills	Assessment of	•	
	I can start to show an understanding of why people think it is difficult to be happy	all I can tell you some	-	
	of the time.		•	
	I can begin to show an understanding of what being happy means to Buddhists.	happy and why I th	ink they didn't	
		work for him.		



<u>RE 2</u>

Incarnation: What is the Trinity?		Term: Autumn 2	Year: 3/4 Year B 20	22-2023				
Foundations of previous learning: FS - UC Incarnation Why do Christians perform Nativity plays at Christmas? Y1/2 - UC - incarnation Why does Christmas matter to Christians? Y1/2 - UC Gospel What is the good news that Jesus brings? Y3/4 People of God What is it like for Christians to follow God? Unit Learning								
NC Objective - Coverage	Skills	Knowledge		Vocabulary				
To explain why Christians believe God is Trinity.	 Identify the difference between a 'Gospel', which tells the story of the life and teaching of Jesus, and a letter. Offer suggestions about what texts about baptism and Trinity might mean. Give examples of what these texts mean to some Christians today. Describe how Christians show their beliefs about God the Trinity in worship (in baptism and prayer, for example) and in the way they live. Make links between some Bible texts studied and the idea of God in Christianity, expressing clearly some ideas of their own about what the God of Christianity is like. I can identify the difference between a 'Gospel', which tells the story of the life and teaching of Jesus, and a letter. I can offer suggestions about the meaning of texts about baptism and Trinity and give examples of what these texts mean to some Christians today. I can describe how Christians show their beliefs about God the Trinity in worship and in the way they live. I can make links between some Bible texts studied and the idea of God in Christianity and give examples of what these texts mean to some Christians today. 	 PUPILS WILL KNOW THAT: Christians believe God is Trinity: Fathe Christians believe The Father creates; I saves his people; the Son sends the Ho Christians find that understanding God spend their whole lives learning more Christians really want to try to underst try to describe God using symbols, sim song, story, poems and art. Christians worship God as Trinity. It is a Christians have created art to help to e Christians believe the Holy Spirit is God world and in their lives today, enabling Assessment of Know How can Christians show their belief the the Rescuer and the presence in all life What difference does belief in the Trin Christians today? 	r, Son and Holy Spirit. I he sends the Son who by Spirit to his followers. I is challenging; people and more about God. and God better and so iles and metaphors, in a huge idea to grasp and express this belief. d's power at work in the g them to follow Jesus. I ledge none? at God is the Creator, e today?	Trinity Holy Spirit Baptism Incarnation Creator Rescuer Presence Gospel The Grace				



<u>PE 1</u>

Circuit Training		Term: 1	Year: Y3-4 2022-2023
	ement skills, become increasingly competent and confident ey should be able to engage in competitive (both against se		
Circuit Training Year 3			
	Unit Learning		
NC Objective - Coverage	Skills	Knowledge	Vocabulary
Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and	To follow instructions and act on advice to complete a set of exercises; To identify the way they feel after exercise; To identify the core muscles and participate in simplified exercises which use these muscles; To participate in a range of simplified exercises; With discussion, set own targets for improvement; To keep score and notice how they are progressing towards their personal targets.	To identify the parts of the upper body and participate in simplified exercises that use their upper body muscles; To identify the parts of the lower body and participate in simplified exercises that use their lower body muscles;	aerobic, anaerobic, energy, oxygen, circuit exercise, upper body/lower body benefit, muscles,
sports and learn how to evaluate and	Assessment of Physical Skills	Assessment of Cognitive Skills	bones,
recognise their own success. Pupils should be taught to: use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination; develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance; compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.	 Physical - I can use jumping, throwing, running and catching skills alongside strength, flexibility and balance. I can link movements and actions together accurately and appropriately. 	Cognitive - I can lead others and act as a respectful team member. Evaluation - I can analyse and discuss the difference between my own and others' performance and suggest ways to improve.	physical, mental, core, target, personal best, baseline, improve,



Dance: Plants		Term: Autumn 2	Year: 3/4 Year B 2022-2023	
Foundations of previous learning		·	·	
Year 1: Accurately shadow a partner's movements. Create simple movement patterns, showing awareness of rhythm. Show control and co-ordination when moving or standing still. Perform basic sequences, using space safely and recognising simple technical words. Respond to different stimuli with a range of actions Copy and explore basic body actions demonstrated by the teacher Copy simple movement patterns from each other and explore the movement Choose movements to make into their own phrases with beginnings, middles and ends Practice and repeat their movement phrases and perform them in a controlled way Know where their heart is and understand why it beats faster when exercising Use simple dance vocabulary to describe movement Talk about dance, linking movement to moods, ideas and feelings To identify and show their understanding Assessment: Compose and perform a phrase in dance with a beginning, middle and end		Year 2: Perform some dance moves, showing rhythm and choosing the best movements to show my ideas. Travel with control and co-ordination, copying and repeating sequences which include rolling, travelling, balancing, climbing, stretching and curling. Take part in activities and work with others to complete a task. Talk about different stimuli as the starting point for creating dance phrases and short dances. Explore actions in response to stimuli Explore ideas, moods and feelings by improvising, and by experimenting with actions, dynamics, directions, levels and a growing range Choose movements to make into their own phrases with beginnings, middles and ends Practice and repeat their movement phrases and perform them in a controlled way Know where their heart is and understand why it beats faster when exercising Use simple dance vocabulary to describe movement Talk about dance, linking movement to moods ideas and feelings To identify and show their understanding. To perform as an individual and as part of a team Assessment: Improvise and experiment with actions to explore ideas, moods and feelings in dance.		
	Unit I			
NC Objective - Coverage Perform dances using a range of	Unit Learning Skills and Knowledge • To explore and create characters and narratives in response to a range of stimuli		Vocabulary	
movement patterns Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best	 To explore and create characters and narratives in response to a range of stimuli Perform short dances with expression, showing an awareness of others when moving To use simple choreographic principles to create motifs and narrative To perform more complex dance phrases and dances that communicate character and narrative To describe, interpret and evaluate their own and others' dances, taking account of character and narrative To know and describe what you need to do to warm up and cool down for dance To understand how to adapt their skills and knowledge from previous weeks into a performance situation. Assessment Use a range of actions in a dance phrase, varying/combining spatial patterns, speed, tension and continuity.		Evaluate Vary Combine Stimulus Continuity on. Phrases Character	



<u>Music</u>

The Dragon Song		Term: Autumn	Year: 3/4 Year B 2022-2023	
Listen with concentration and understandin of music. Year 3/4: Charanga Unit: Glockenspiels 1: Pl the musical dimensions of a piece; Listen to	their voices expressively and creatively by singing g to a range of high-quality live and recorded music ay a variety of classroom instruments, playing gloc music and begin to understand the different music the style indicators of Soul/Gospel music; understa	c; Experiment with, create, select and comb kenspiels as a whole class ensemble; Under cal dimensions running through it. Charanga	nine sounds using the intension of the sounds using the intension of the second se	r-related dimensions anguage to describe
	Unit Lea	rning		
NC Objective - Coverage	Skills	Knowledge		Vocabulary
Pupils should be taught to sing and play musically with increasing confidence and control. They should develop an understanding of musical composition, organising and manipulating ideas within musical structures and reproducing sounds from aural memory. Pupils should be taught to: - play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression - listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory -use and understand staff and other musical notations -appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians	 To listen carefully to lyrics and explain the purpose of a piece of music To use key musical vocabulary to compare pieces of music and evaluate others' work To perform in front of an audience 	 To identify the themes of a piece To identify the instruments/voice To explain how the words of the 	es song tell a story	Keyboard, drums, bass, pentatonic scale, pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture, structure, compose, improvise, hook, melody.
	 Assessment of Skills I can explain what I think a piece of music's purpose could be. I can compare pieces, thinking about pitch, mood, rhythm and tempo. I can evaluate others work thinking about texture, structure, timbre and dynamics. I can perform as part of a group and individually to an audience. 	 Assessment of Knowle Listen and Appraise: The Dragon Song (Tr The children can: Identify the themes - Kindness, respaceptance and happiness. Identify the instruments/voices - Kefemale singer. Reflect on the lyrics – Do the words Does the music create a story in you story? 	aditional Folk songs) ect, friendship, yboard, drums, bass, a of the song tell a story?	



French

Main Unit: Les Saisons (Lar			_		
Core Vocabulary: Greetings (1 lesson)		Term: Autumn 1	Year: 3/4 Year B	2022-2023	
Cultural Lesson: I am learning Phonics: Lesson 1 – French Pronunciation (CH, Grammar: Nouns, articles/determiners, conjur	OU, ON, OI)				
	Unit Learni	ing			
NC Objective - Coverage	Skills	Knowledge		Vocabulary	
 Pupils should be taught to: listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases present ideas and information to an audience read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced, including through using a dictionary write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing 	We will be learning to listen to French and starting to become more familiar with the different phonics/ pronunciation and letter strings/ phonemes. We will be starting to learn how to remember and recall words in a different language, including conjunctions so that we can say and write at least one short phrase on our favourite season.	To learn about and name the four seasons in Fro To know and use vocabulary to describe events seasons To hold a conversation about a favourite season <u>Cultural</u> Year 3 Understand and respect different people and pl Understand that some people speak a different Year 4 Identify similarities and differences in my cultur	during the four n. laces in the world language to my own	er L'automne Il fait chaud En hiver Les arbres perdent leurs feuilles Au printemps Quelle est ta saison préférée? En été Ma saison	
	 Assessment of Skills I can listen carefully and pronounce unfamiliar words with increasing accuracy. I can use familiar sounds and spellings to help me recognise and learn new language. I can remember and recall words in French I can use conjunctions to say and write sentences. 	Assessment of Knowledge By the end of this unit, all children should be a Recognise, recall and remember the four s Recognise, recall and remember a short pl season in French. Say which season is their favourite in Fren say why using the conjunctions 'et' and 'ca Cultural: Locate France, Paris, and a few key cities o Understand the Francophone world bette	ble to: seasons in French. hrase for each ich and attempt to ar'. on a map.		